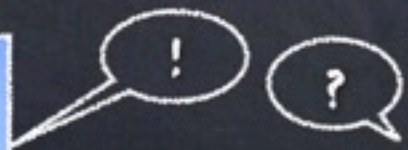
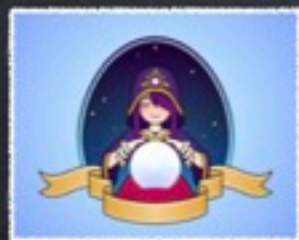


Inferring Symbolic Automata

Hadar Frenkel

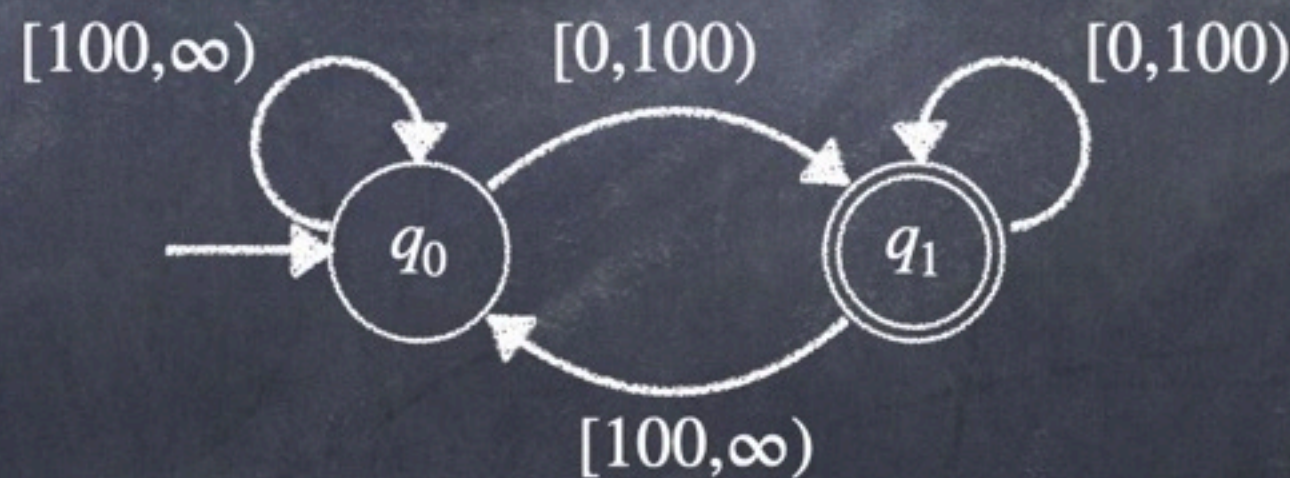
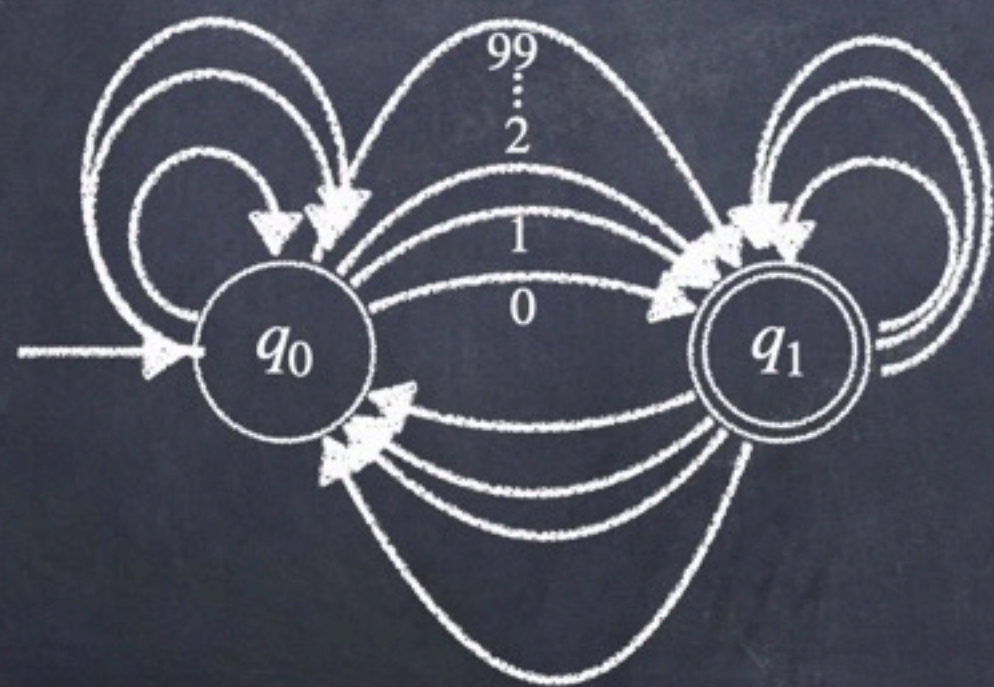
CISPA Helmholtz Center for Information Security, Saarbrücken, Germany

Joint work with Dana Fisman and Sandra Zilles



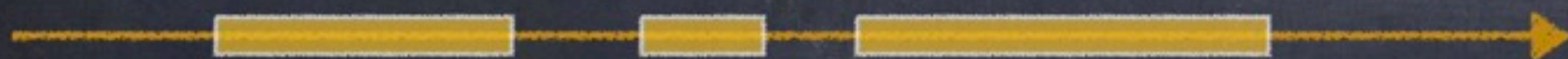
Symbolic Automata — SFAs

- Finite state automata
- Defined w.r.t. a Boolean algebra
- Transitions are over predicates
- Concise
- Reason about infinite domains



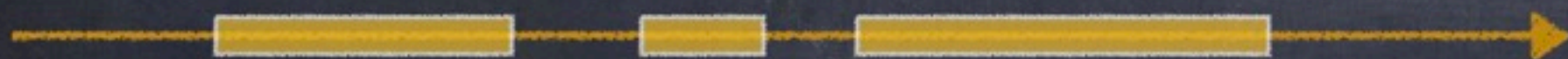
Monotonic Algebras

- Predicates correspond to a total order over the domain elements
- $[\psi] = \{d \mid a \leq d \leq b\}$
- Monotonic: Interval algebras (over $\mathbb{N}, \mathbb{Z}, \mathbb{R}$)



Monotonic Algebras

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- $[\psi] = \{d \mid a \leq d \leq b\}$
- Monotonic: Interval algebras (over $\mathbb{N}, \mathbb{Z}, \mathbb{R}$)



Propositional algebra

- Predicates are Boolean combinations of atomic propositions
- $(p_1 \wedge p_2) \vee (\neg p_1 \wedge p_3)$
- Not monotonic!

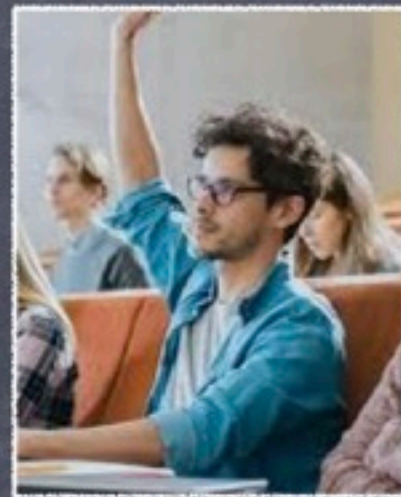
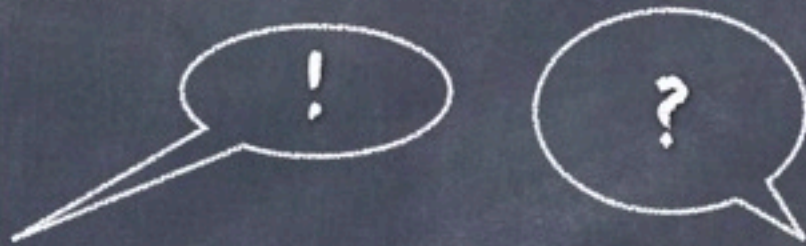
Automata Learning

- Active learning - L^* style learning [Angluin 1987]

- Passive learning

Automata Learning

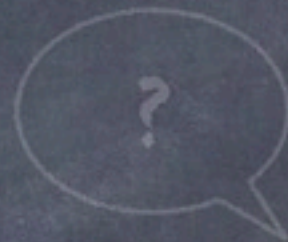
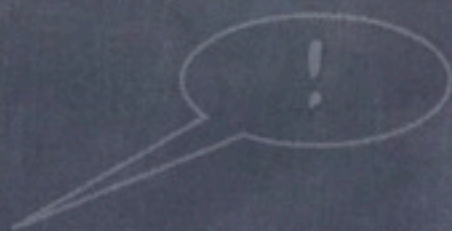
- Active learning - L^* style learning [Angluin 1987]



- Passive learning

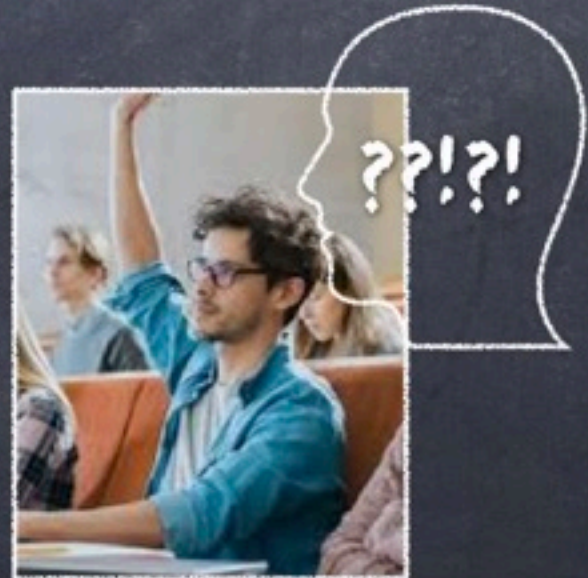
Automata Learning

- Active learning - L^* style learning [Angluin 1987]



- Passive learning

$\langle w_1, \perp \rangle$
 $\langle w_2, \top \rangle$
⋮
 $\langle w_n, \perp \rangle$

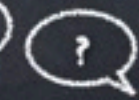


Learnability of a Class of Languages via Representation \mathcal{R}

- Different representations of languages
- E.g. regular languages – DFAs, NFAs
- A class of languages \mathcal{L} is learnable via representation in \mathcal{R} if there is an algorithm ALG such that we can apply ALG to learn a representation in \mathcal{R} for every language in \mathcal{L}
- E.g. L^* algorithm for regular languages via representation in DFAs

Active Learning of SFAs

- Positive results
 - Learning of SFAs over monotonic algebras using membership and equivalence queries
 - [Maler & Mens 2014], [Maler & Mens 2017]
 - [Chubachi, Diptarama, Yoshinaka, Shinohara 2017]
 - MAT* algorithm for learning SFAs
 - [Argyros & D'Antoni 2018]

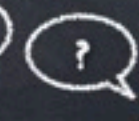




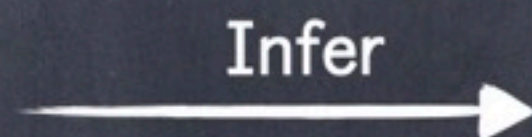
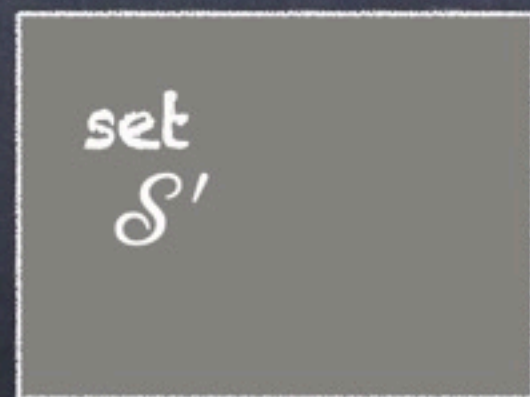
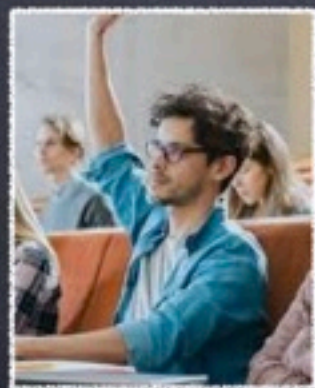
Active Learning of SFAs

- First negative result
- Necessary condition:
- We can **polynomially learn SFAs** over a Boolean algebra \mathcal{A} using membership and equivalence queries only if we can **polynomially learn the predicates** of \mathcal{A} using membership and equivalence queries

→ SFAs over the propositional algebra are not polynomially learnable



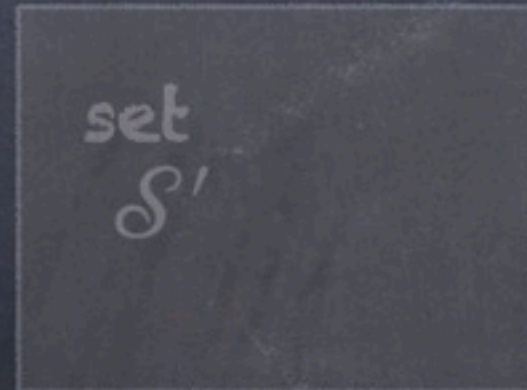
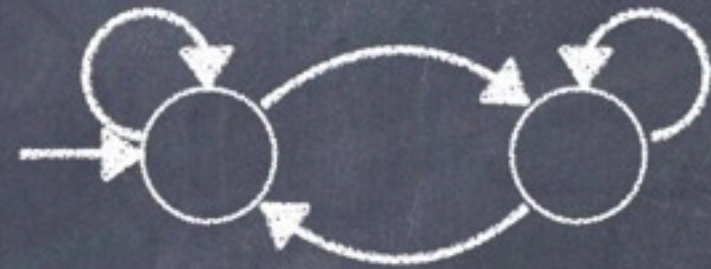
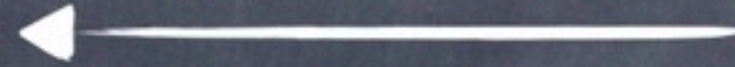
Passive Learning



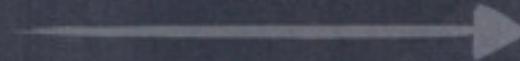
Identification in the Limit Using Polynomial Time and Data



Characteristic



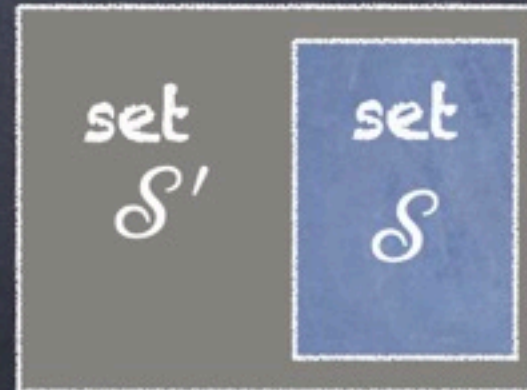
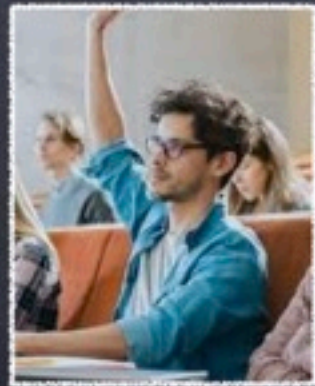
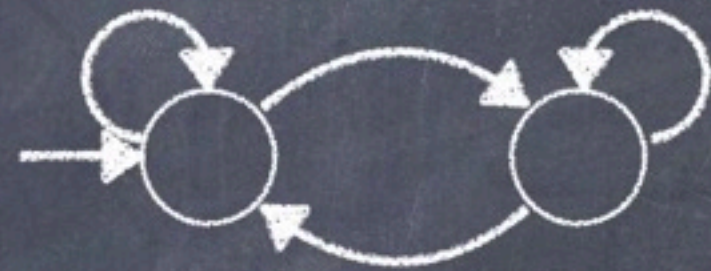
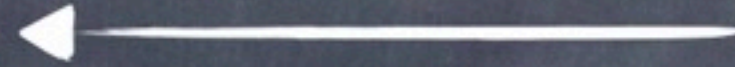
Infer



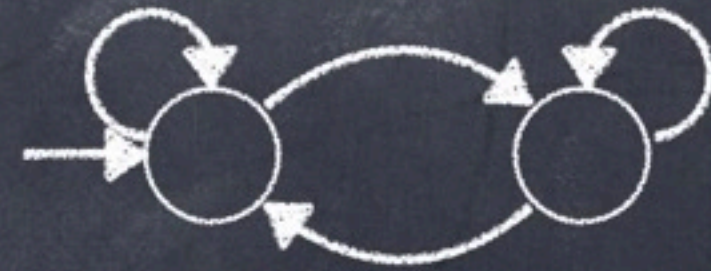
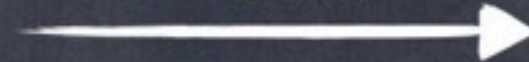
Identification in the Limit Using Polynomial Time and Data



Characteristic



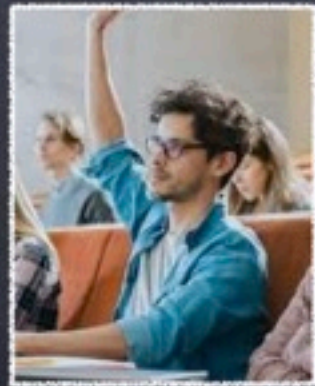
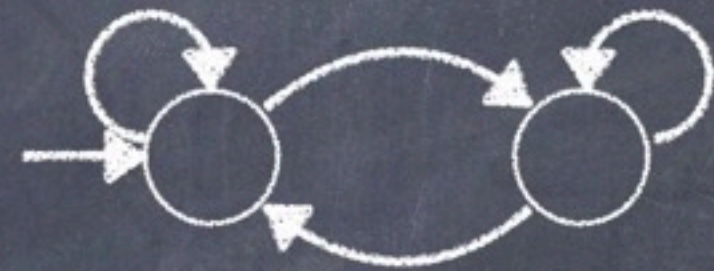
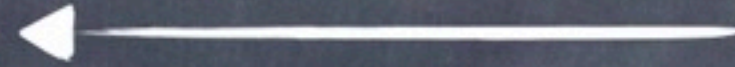
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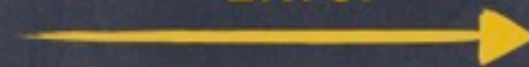
Identification in the Limit Using Polynomial Time and Data



Characteristic



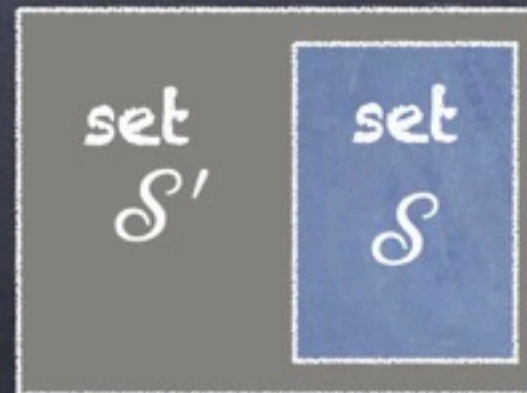
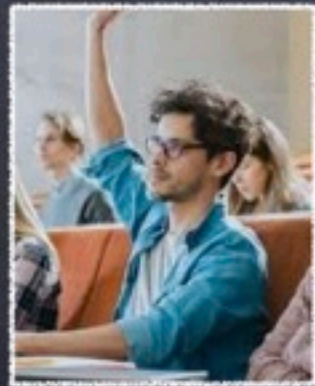
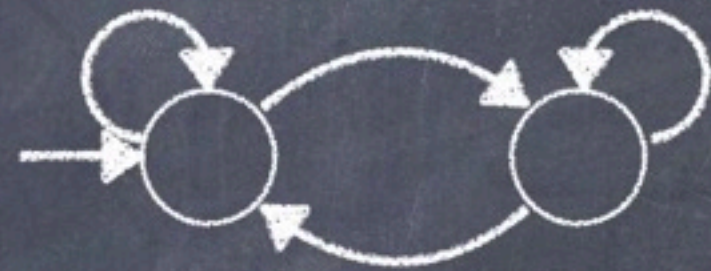
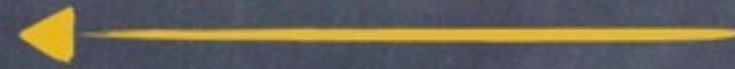
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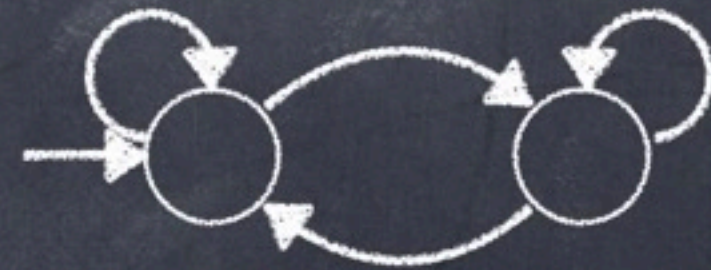
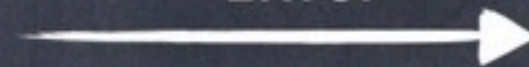
Identification in the Limit Using Polynomial Time and Data



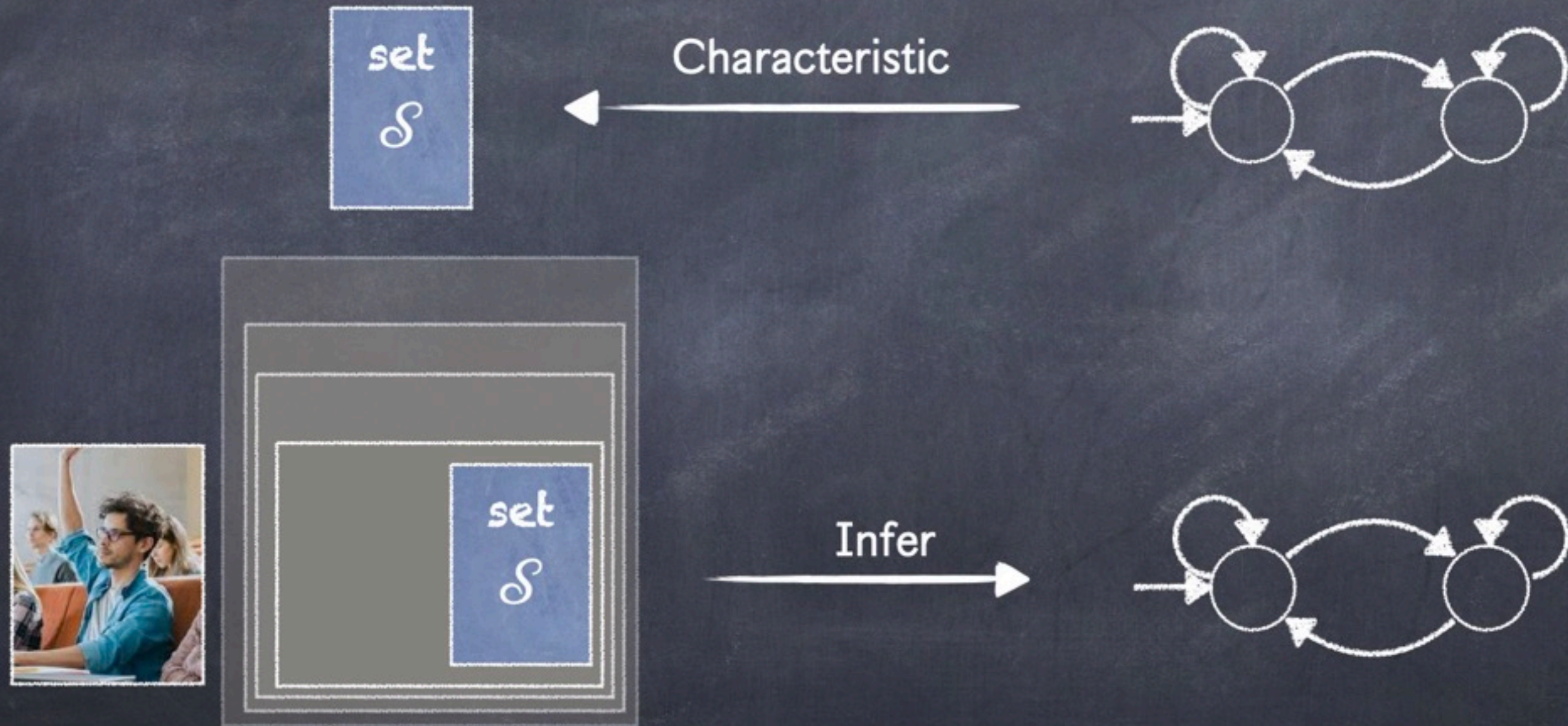
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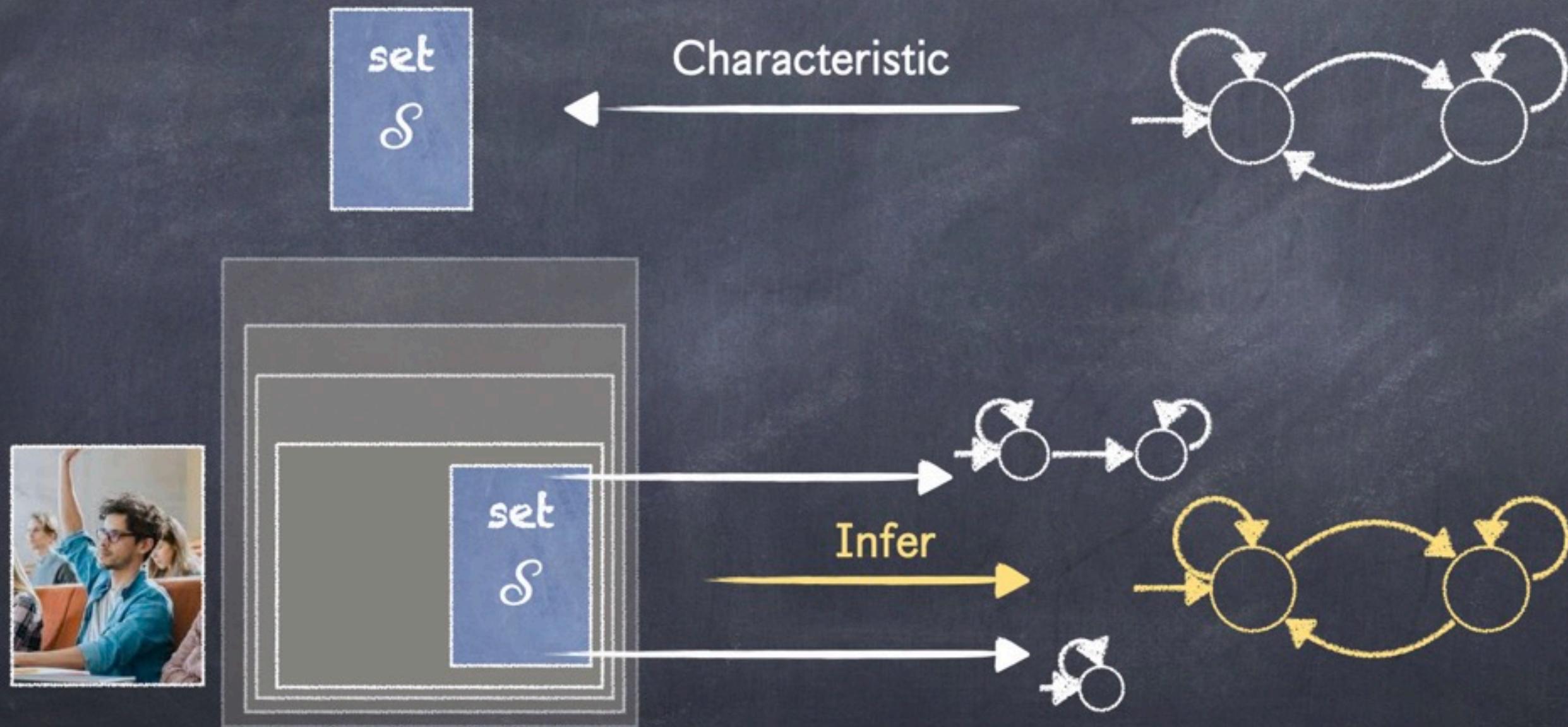
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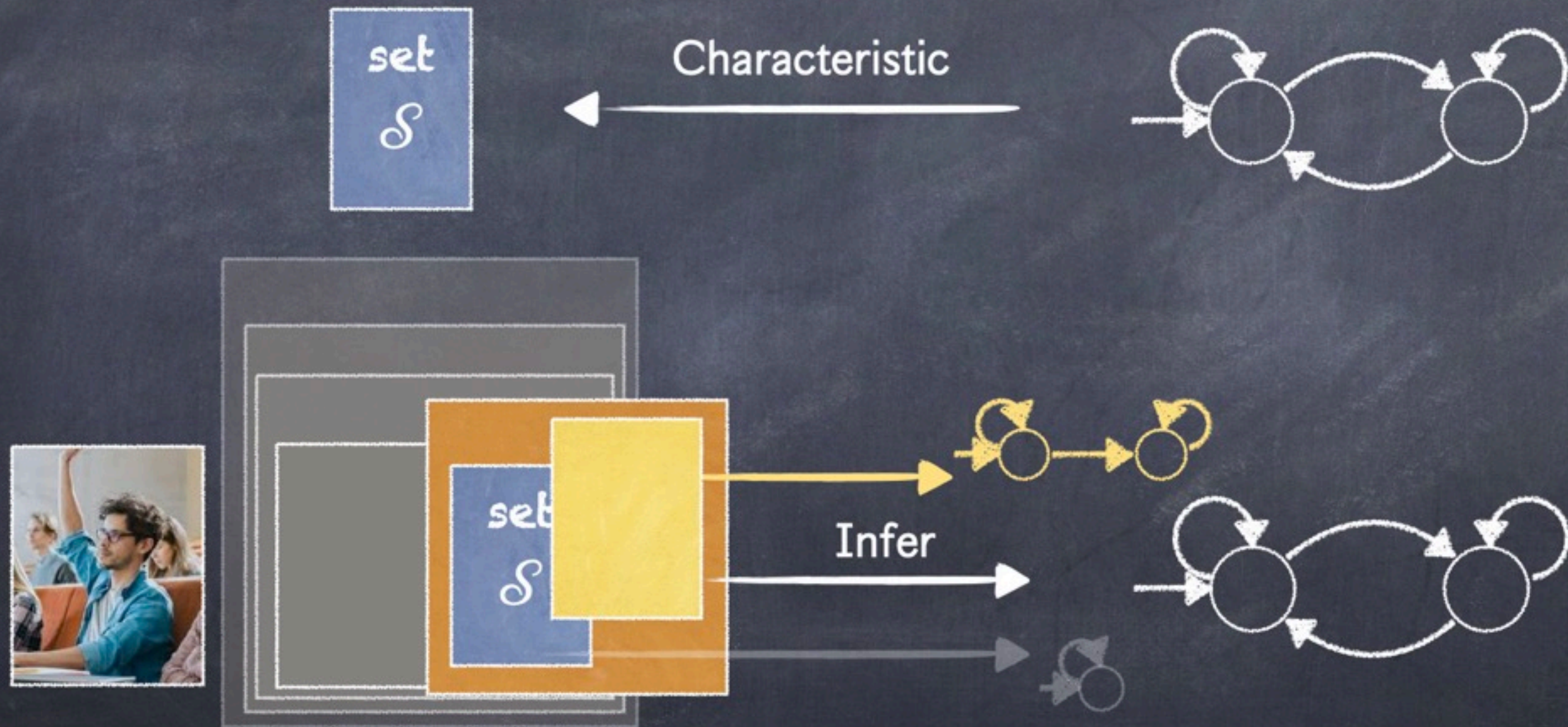
Identification in the Limit Using Polynomial Time and Data



Identification in the Limit Using Polynomial Time and Data



Identification in the Limit Using Polynomial Time and Data



Identification in the Limit for DFAs

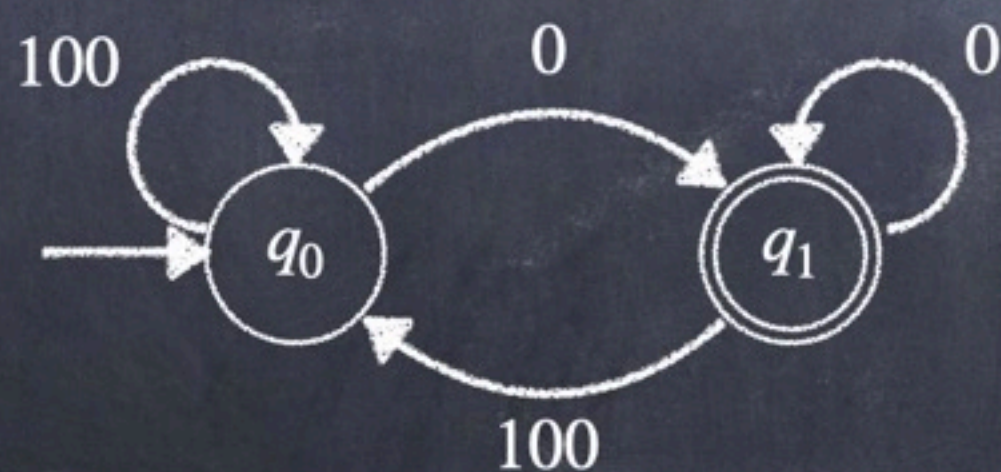


Concrete Sample set

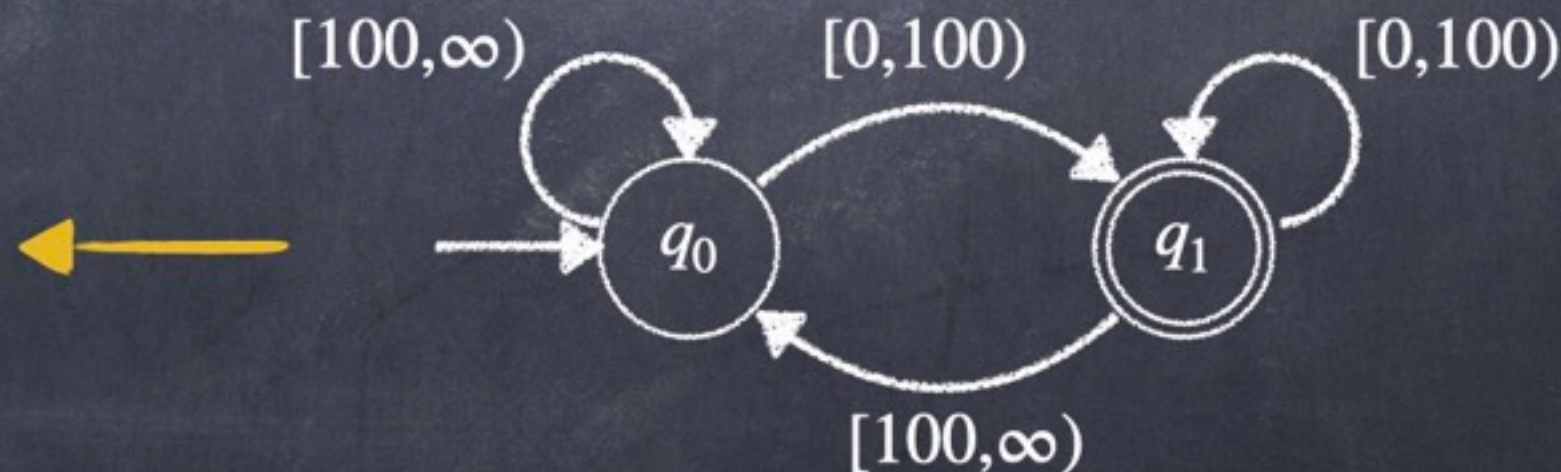
DFA

Identification in the Limit for SFAs - CharSFA

- Learning with respect to the concrete alphabet
- Creating a set of concrete words



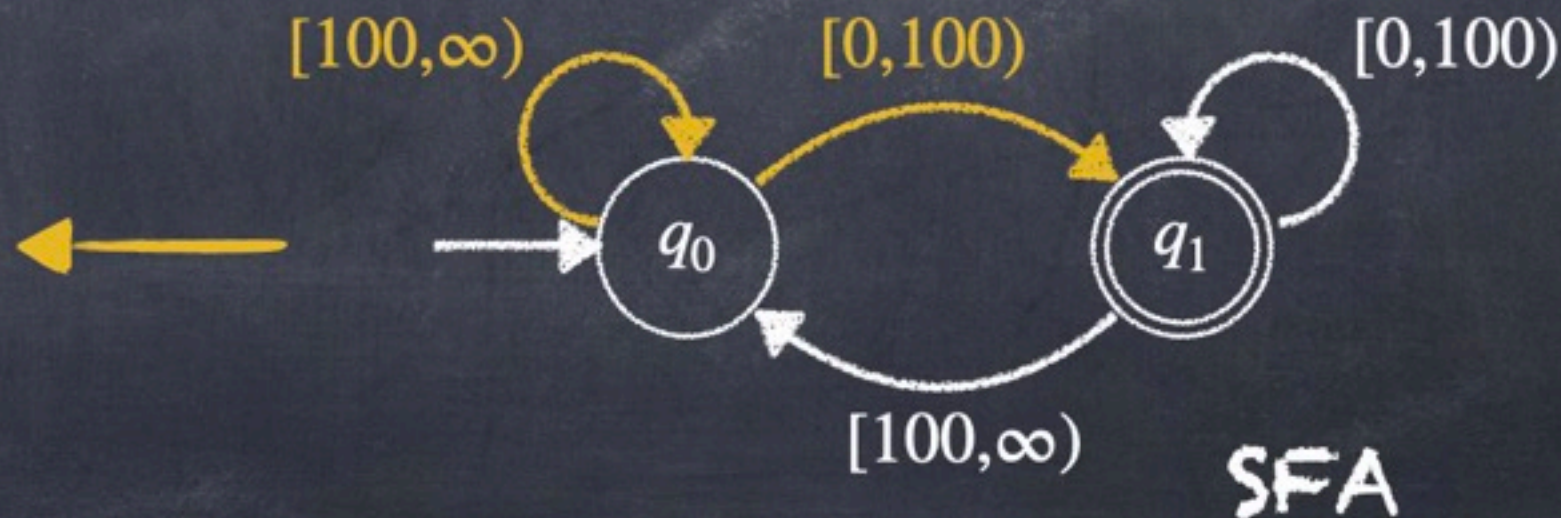
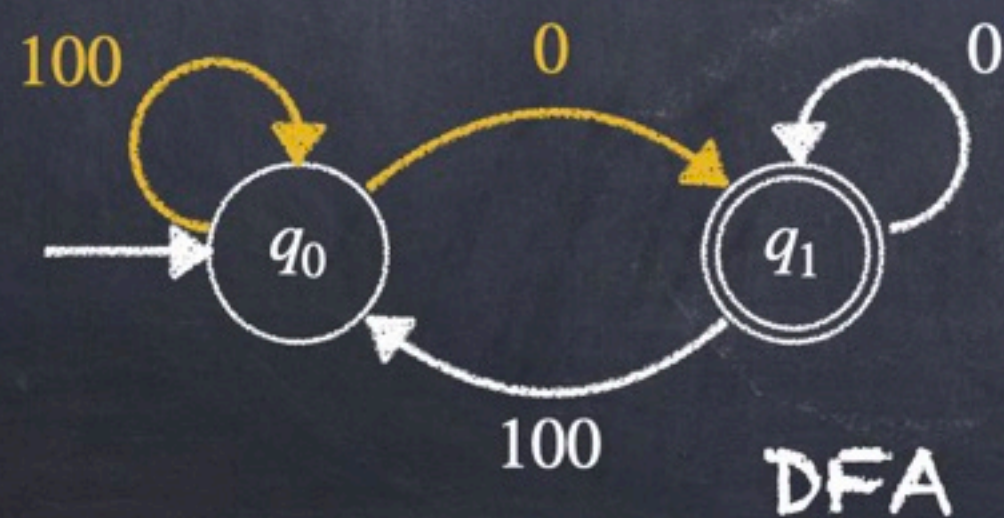
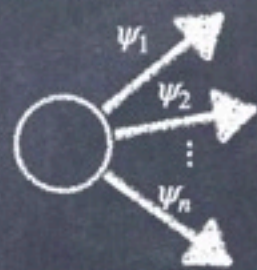
DFA



SFA

Identification in the Limit for SFAs - CharSFA

- Learning with respect to the concrete alphabet
- Creating a set of concrete words
- $\text{concretize}(\langle \psi_1, \dots, \psi_n \rangle) = \langle \Gamma_1, \dots, \Gamma_n \rangle$
- $\text{concretize}(\langle [0, 100), [100, \infty) \rangle) = \langle \{0\}, \{100\} \rangle$



Identification in the Limit for SFAs - CharSFA

- Creating a set of concrete words



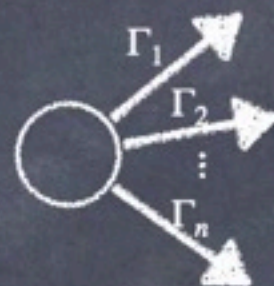
Identification in the Limit for SFAs - InferSFA

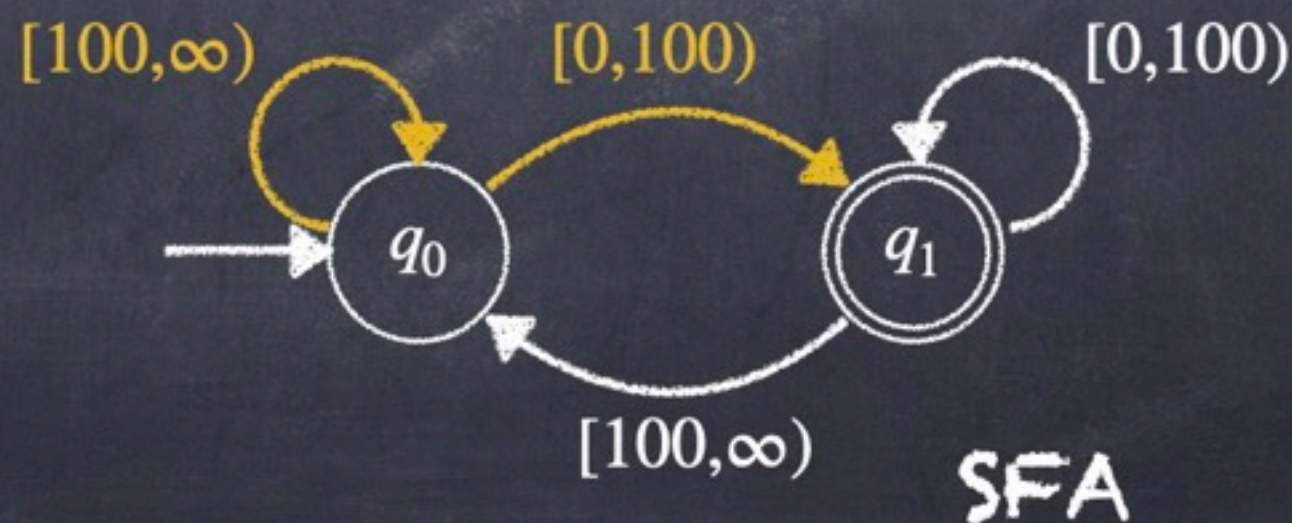
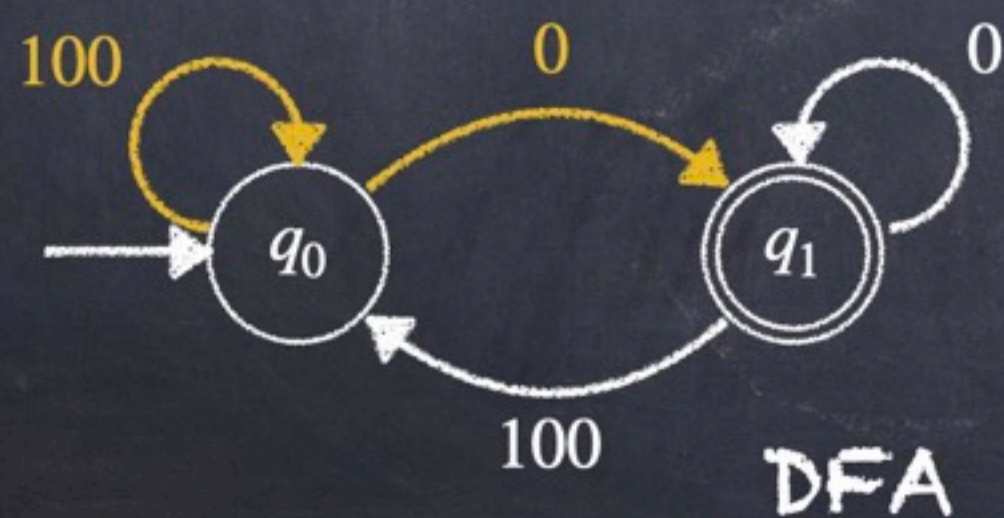


Identification in the Limit for SFAs - InferSFA



Identification in the Limit for SFAs - InferSFA

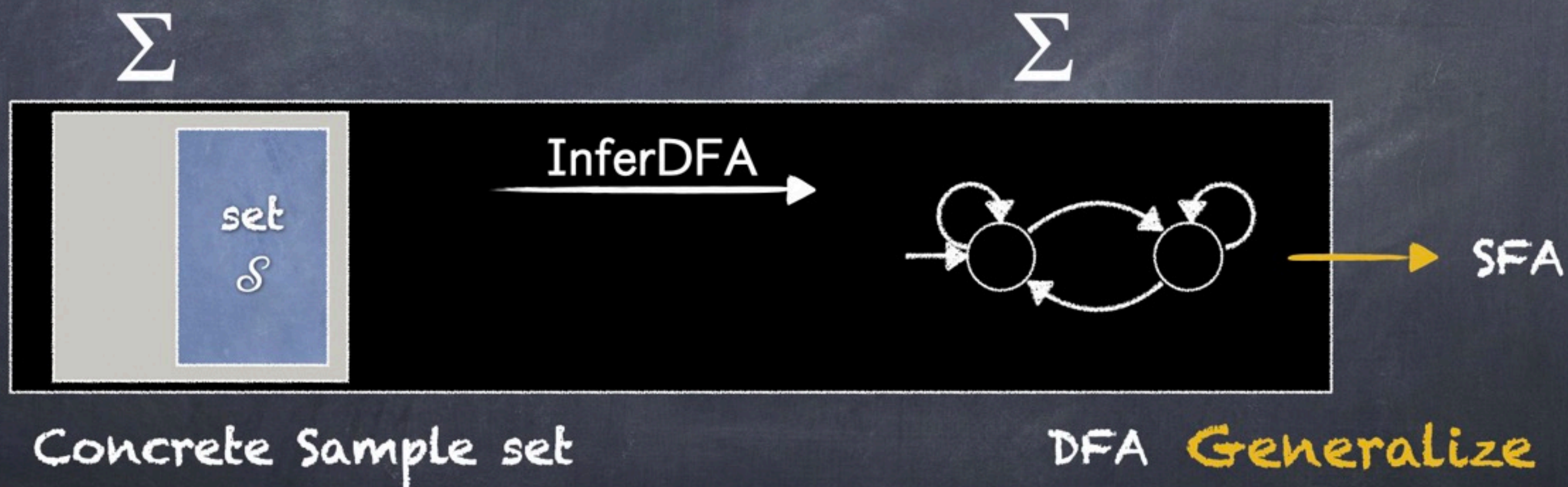
- $\text{generalize}(\langle \Gamma_1, \dots, \Gamma_n \rangle) = \langle \psi_1, \dots, \psi_n \rangle$ 
- $\text{generalize}(\langle \{0\}, \{100\} \rangle) = \langle [0, 100), [100, \infty) \rangle$



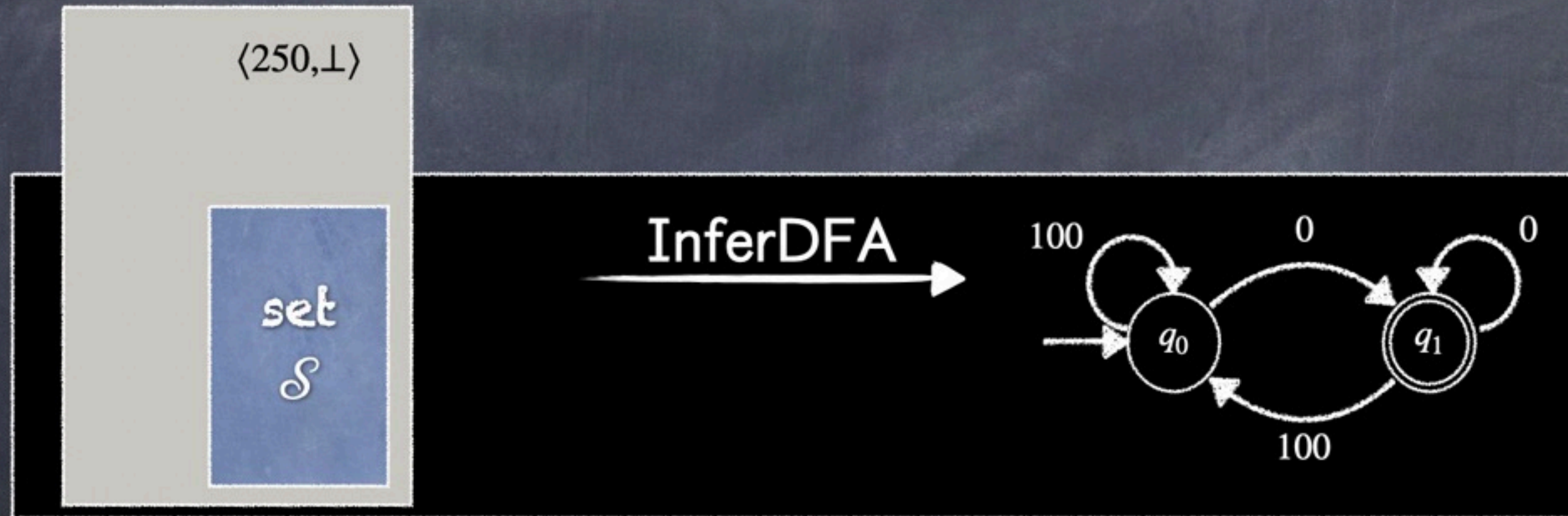
Identification in the Limit for SFAs - InferSFA



Identification in the Limit for SFAs - InferSFA



Identification in the Limit for SFAs - InferSFA

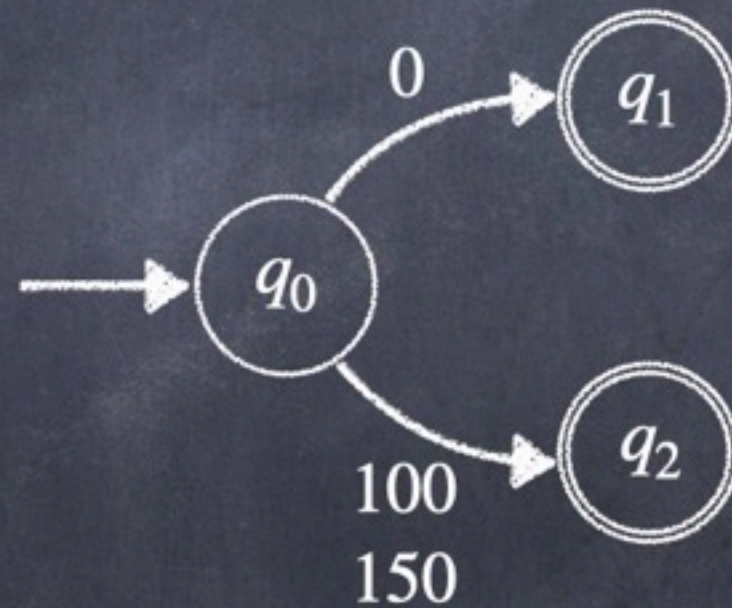
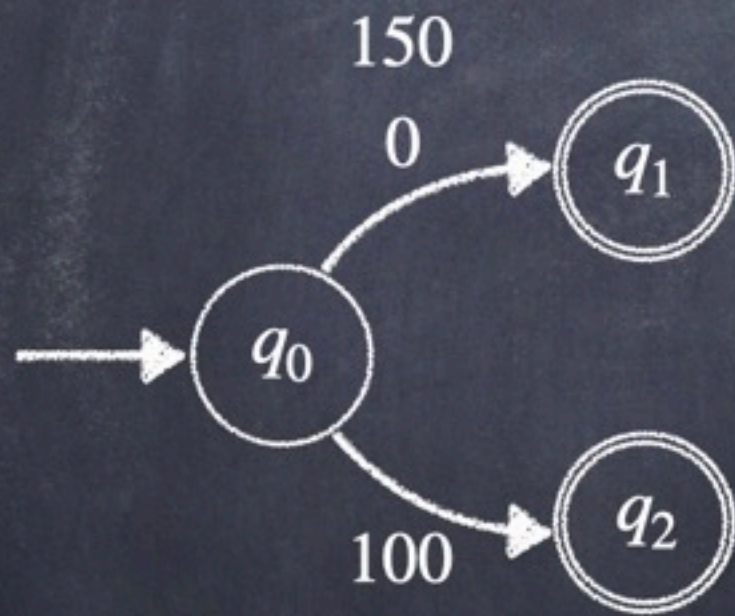


Concrete Sample set

DFA

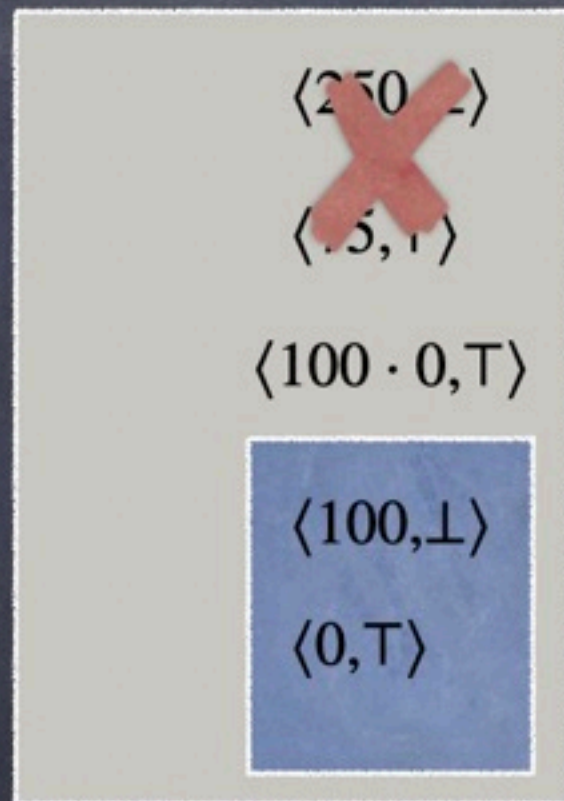
Identification in the Limit for SFAs - InferSFA

- Additional alphabet adds confusion



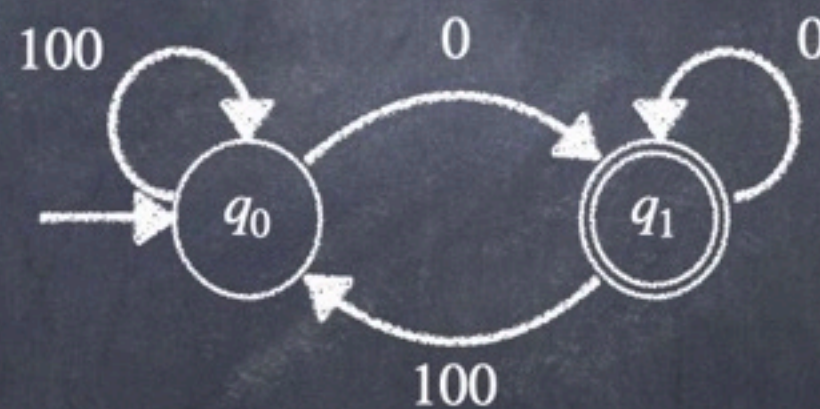
$\langle \epsilon, \perp \rangle, \langle 0, T \rangle, \langle 100, T \rangle$
 $\langle 0 \cdot 0, T \rangle, \langle 100 \cdot 0, \perp \rangle$
 $\langle 150, T \rangle$

Identification in the Limit for SFAs - InfeRSFA



Decontaminate

Concrete Sample set

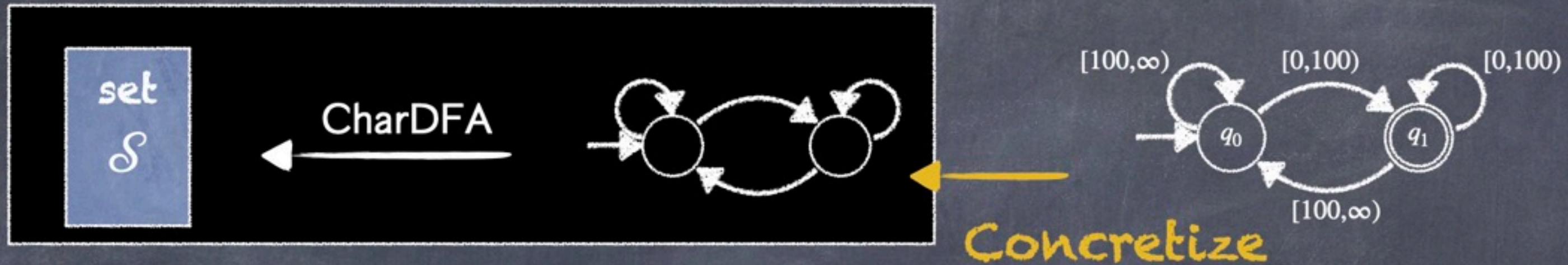


DFA

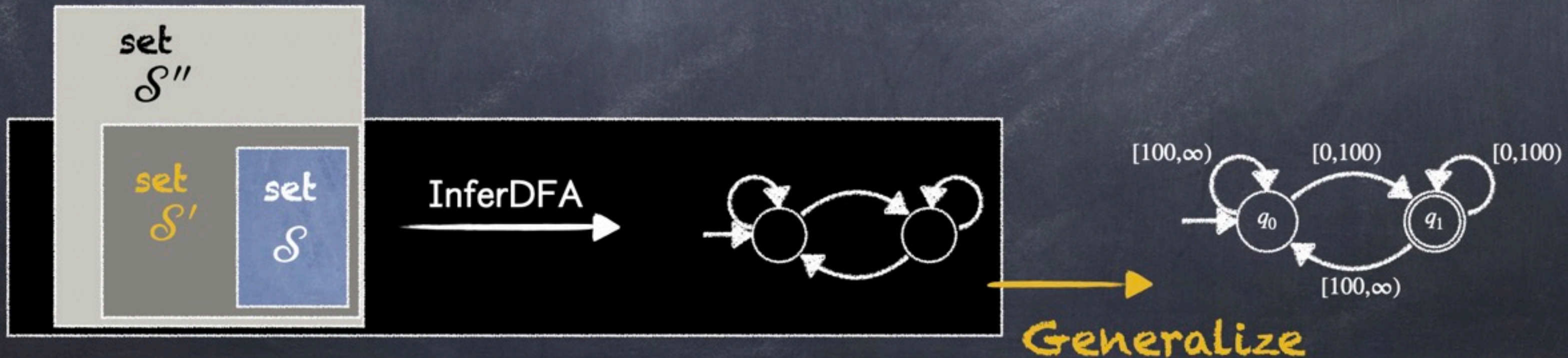
Identification in the Limit for SFAs - InferSFA



The Whole Process



Decontaminate



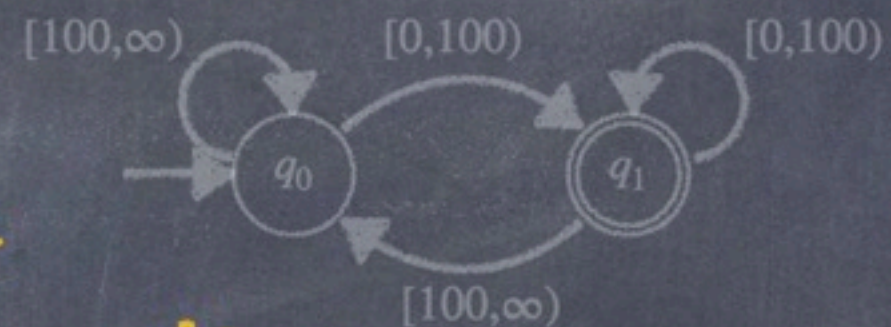


Sufficient Condition

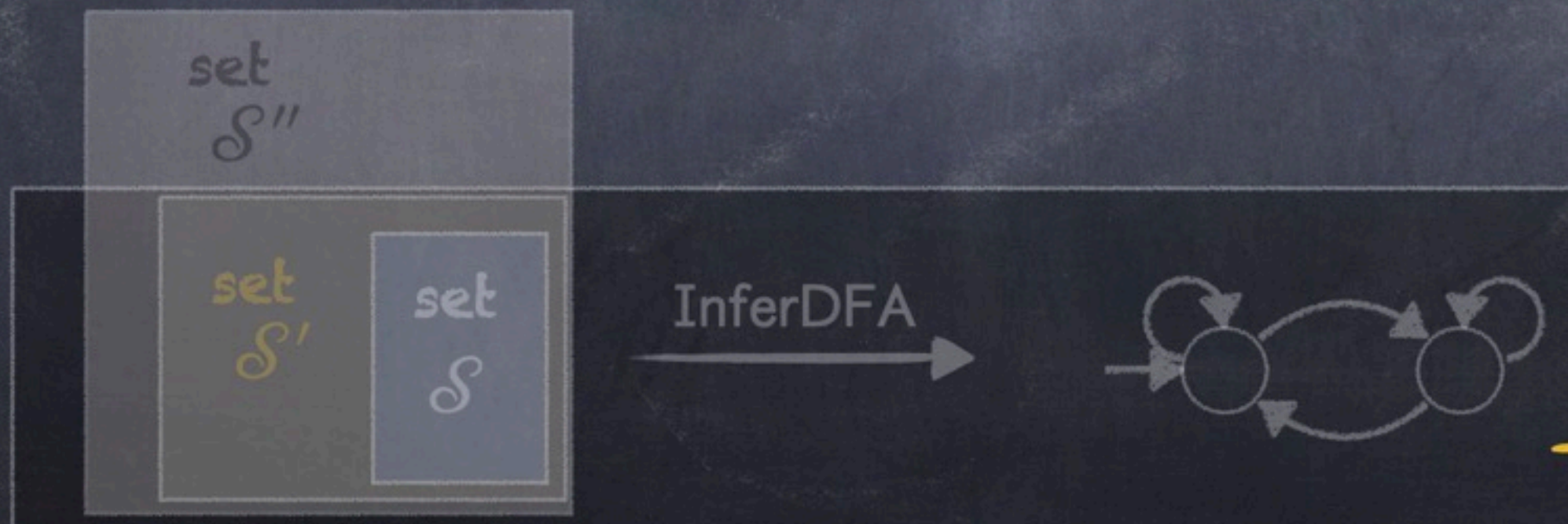
Monotonic algebras



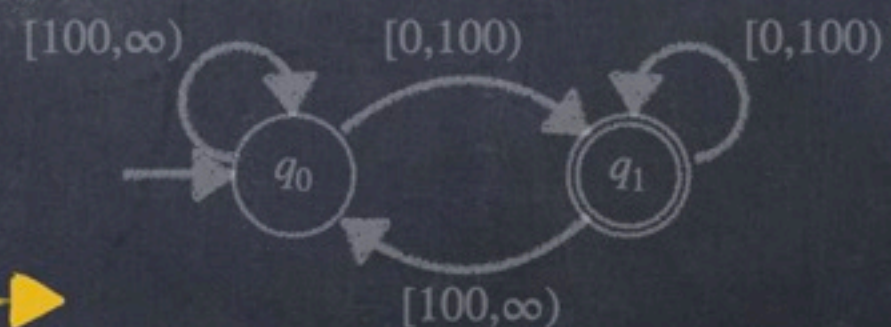
Concretize



Decontaminate



Generalize



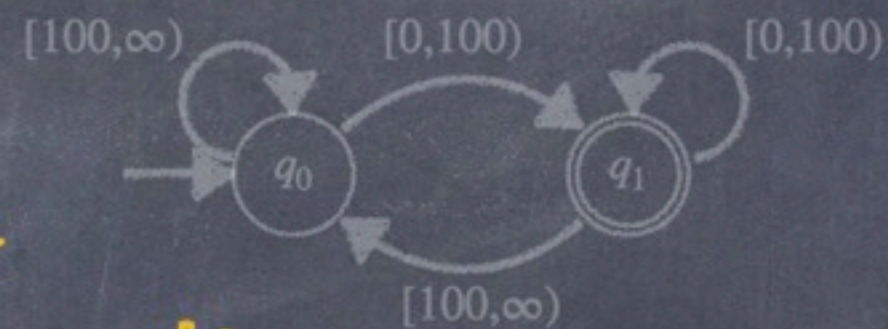


Necessary Condition

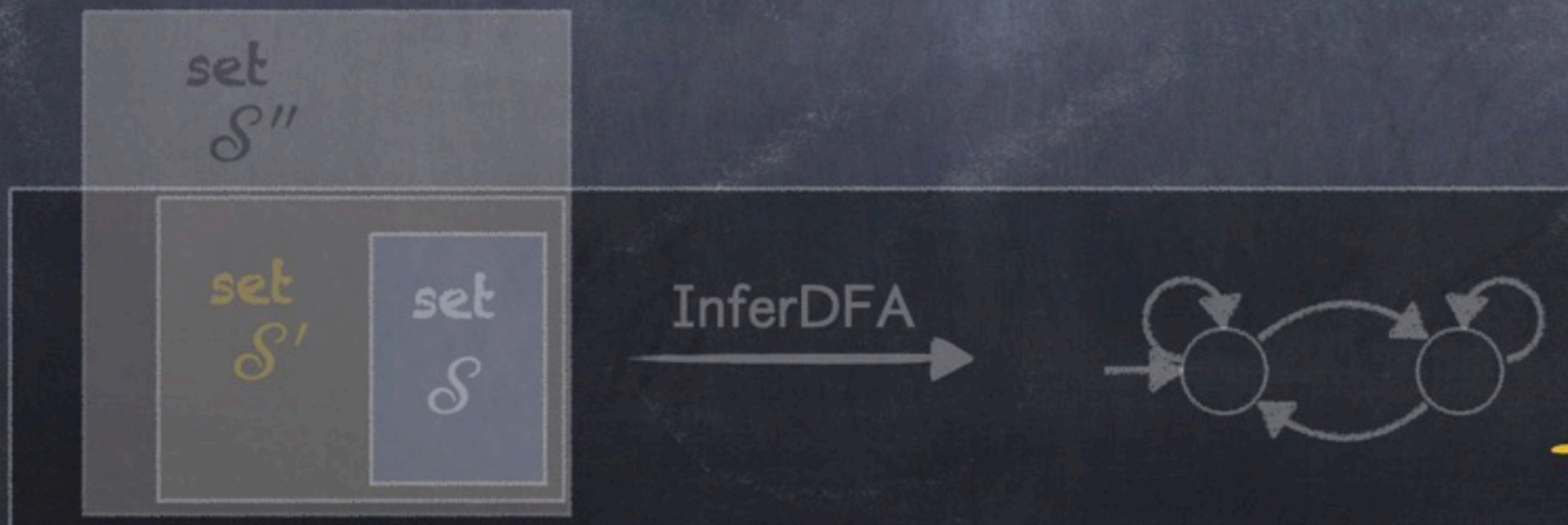
Propositional Algebra



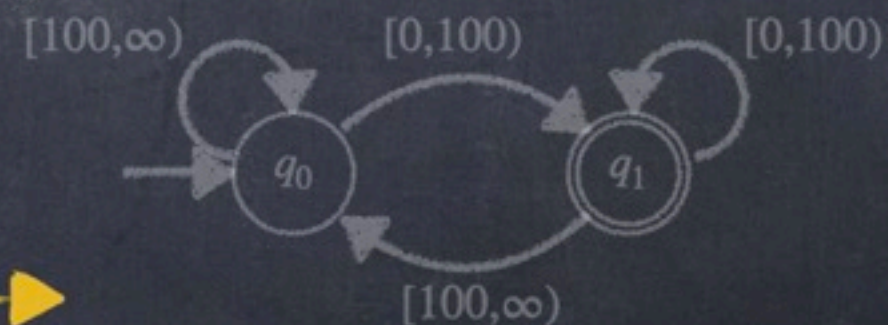
Concretize



Decontaminate



Generalize



Summary

- Active Learning
 - Necessary condition
 - SFAs over the propositional algebra are not polynomially learnable



Summary

• Active Learning

- Necessary condition
- SFAs over the propositional algebra are not polynomially learnable



• Passive Learning

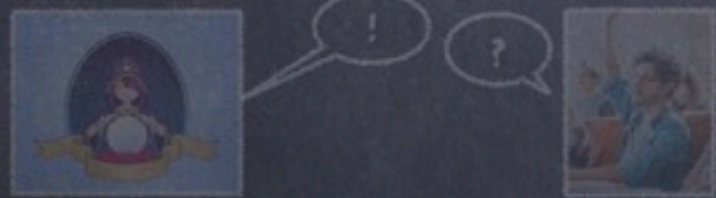


- Necessary condition & sufficient condition for learning SFAs
- SFAs over the propositional algebra are not polynomially learnable
- Learning algorithm for SFAs over monotonic algebras
- Learning scheme for the paradigm of identification in the limit of SFAs

THANK YOU!

• Active Learning

- Necessary condition
- SFAs over the propositional algebra are not polynomially learnable



• Passive Learning



- Necessary condition & sufficient condition for learning SFAs
- SFAs over the propositional algebra are not polynomially learnable
- Learning algorithm for SFAs over monotonic algebras
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Questions?